Achievements of Department of Fertilizers since 2014

Fertilizer Subsidy

• Fertilizer subsidies: Urea and Nutrient bases subsidies up by almost 8 percent to Rs 70000 crore.

Direct Benefit Transfer in Fertilizer Subsidy

- The Department of fertilizers has implemented Direct Benefit Transfer System on a pilot basis w.e.f. 1.10.2016. Under this system, 100% subsidy on various fertilizer grades is released to the fertilizer companies on the basis of actual sales made by the retailers to the beneficiaries.
- Sale of all subsidised fertilizers is made through Point of Sale (PoS) devices installed at each retailer shop; beneficiaries are identified through Aadhaar Card, KCC, Voter Identity Card etc.
- The Pilot project has been implemented in 19 districts.
- Different states/U.T.s have been put on Go-Live mode w.e.f. 01.09.2017 and the Pan India rollout of DBT has been completed by March 2018.
- Approximately 2.05 lakh retailers sensitized during introductory training sessions.
- The schedule for phase-wise roll out of DBT is tabulated below:

S. No	Name of States / UT's	GO Live Timeline
1	NCT of Delhi live on DBT in fertilizers	1 st September, 2017
2	Mizoram, Daman & Diu, Dadra Nagar Haveli, Manipur, Nagaland, Goa, Puducherry,	1 st October, 2017
3	Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, Maharashtra, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Assam, Tripura.	1 st November, 2017
4	AP, Haryana, Punjab, Chhattisgarh and MP	1 st December,2017
5	Kerala, Bihar, Karnataka, Jharkhand, Telangana, and TN	1 st January, 2018
6	UP, Gujarat, WB, Odisha and Himachal Pradesh	1 st February, 2018
7	J&K	1 st March, 2018

Neem Coated Urea

- Government makes Neem coating of Urea mandatory-25.5.2015.
- 100 % of Neem Coating of Indigenous Urea and Imported Urea achieved w.e.f. 1st September, 2015 and 1st December, 2015 respectively
- Improvement in soil health.
- Reduction in usage of plant protection chemicals.
- Reduction in pest and disease attack.
- Diversion of highly subsidized urea towards non-agricultural purposes reduced to negligible.
- An increase in yield of paddy, sugarcane, maize, soybean, Tur/Red Gram
- During the last three years i.e. **2014-15**, **2015-16** and **2016-17**, the consumption (Kg/hectare) showing a declining trend 152.53, 149.61 and 140.84 (estimated) respectively. This may be due to neem coating of Urea which increases efficacy due to slow release of Nitrogen.

New Urea policy (NUP) 2015

- The NUP Policy was notified on 25th May, 2015 and became effective from 1stJune, 2015 with the following objectives:-
 - **I.** To maximize -Indigenous Urea production
 - **II.** To promoting Energy efficiency in Urea production
 - III. Torationalize Subsidy burden of Govt. of India,
 - IV. To help Domestic urea sector to become globally competitive

Benefits of NUP 2015:-

Record Production of Urea

- Highest ever production of 245 LMT of indigenous Urea during 2015-16, almost maintained in 2016-17.
- **Highest ever additional production of 20 LMT of Urea** during 2015-16 without adding additional urea production capacity.
- The production of urea during the year 2016-17 was 242.01 LMT, which is significantly higher than the production of urea during 2012-13 (225.75LMT) and 2013-14(227.15 LMT)

Special Banking Arrangement to clear fertilizer subsidy dues

 In order to ensure working capital availability to fertilizer companies, Department of Fertilizers had made provision of Special Banking Arrangements for upto ₹ 7000 crores during 2017-18 through nationalised banks, wherein majority of the interest burden had been borne by the Government. <u>Introduction of 45 Kg. Urea Bags replacing the existing 50 Kg. Bags</u>: Vide Notification dated 4.9.2017

• CCEA, in its meeting dated 20th February, 2018, approved the **MRP of urea as Rs.242 per bag**

Reduction in the rates of P&K Fertilizers

- Reduction in the MRP of DAP, MOP and Complex fertilizers by Rs. 125/, Rs.250/- and Rs. 50/- respectively per 50 kg bag from June 2016.
- The prices of **DAP** again reduced by Rs. 65/- per 50 kg during **December**, 2016.

New Investment Policy- 2012

The Government announced New Investment Policy (NIP)-2012 on 2nd January, 2013 and its amendment on 7th October, 2014 to facilitate fresh investment in urea sector and to make India self-sufficient in the urea sector.

- Matix Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited set up a Coal Bed Methane(CBM) based 1.3 MMTPA Greenfield Ammonia-Urea complex at Panagarh, West Bengal. Commercial production started on 1st October, 2017.
- Chambal Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited to set up a **brownfield project with** capacity of 1.34 MMTPA at Gadepan, Rajasthan, which is likely to start commercial production in January, 2019.

Revival of defunct Fertilizer Units

- Rs. 40,000 crores to be invested to revive Defunct Fertilizer Units in Gorakhpur, Sindri, Talcher, Ramagundam and Barauni (New Urea units of 12.7 lakh MT at each location)
- RAMAGUNDAM PROJECT is likely to be commissioned by December 2018. SINDRI & GORAKHPUR UNITS OF FCIL AND BARAUNI UNIT OF HFCL are likely to be operational by October 2020.TALCHER PROJECT likely to start production by 2021.
- New Ammonia-urea complex to be set up at M/s **Brahmaputra Valley** Fertilizer Corporation Limited at Namrup with a capacity of 8.646 LMT per annum.
- Production of about 25 million MT is expected to increase to 28 million MT in the year 2019-20 and to about 34 million MT in the year 2021-22.

Model Fertilizer Retails Shops across the country

- 2000 Model Fertilizer Retail Shops to be opened in next 3 years from 2016-19 for abundant availability of Urea
- 2044 model fertilizer retail shops made operational till 19th March 2018.

City Compost Scheme

- Policy for Promotion of City Compost was notified on 10.02.2016 which provides Market Development Assistance (MDA) of Rs. 1500/MT on sales of City Compost.
- Due to consistent efforts of the Department, the sales of City Compost during 2017-18 has increased to 1.64 LMT and an amount of Rs. 7.26 Crores of Market Development Assistance (MDA) has been released.
